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I'm on the Title I Council. Now What?

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Education

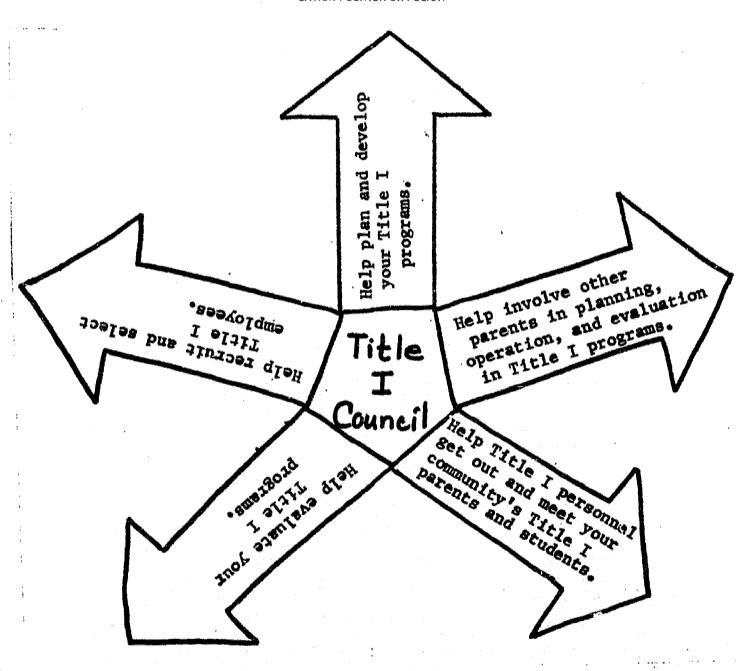
#### ABSTRACT

This booklet offers answers to basic questions frequently asked by ESFA Title I Council Members and school officials. Suggestions are also given about possible Title I Council activities. In addition, there is a section on the regulation requiring parent participation in Title I, as well as a list of people to contact for assistance in interpreting Title I regulations or filing complaints, and for information on training teachers' aides and retraining teachers for Title I programs. (Author/SB)

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# I'M ON THE TITLE I COUNCIL.

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UD 012269

NOW WHAT?



# I'M ON THE TITLE I COUNCIL. NOW WHAT?

#### **FORWARD**

This booklet offers answers to questions frequently asked by Title I Council Members and school officials. Suggestions are also given about possible Title I Council activities. These suggestions should in no way restrict parents and Title I Councils from developing their own work schedules and ideas for Title I programs.

The recommendations included in this booklet effectively carry out the intent of 45CFR 116-17 (n); this is the regulations which requires parent advisory councils for Title I. However, many of the included procedures are not required by Title I regulations. Rather, they were suggested by parents and community groups. A copy of the actual guideline that requires Title I Councils is inserted as the last page of this booklet.

"SCHOOLS AND HOMES WORKING TOGETHER CAN DO MORE FOR CHILDREN

THAN EITHER CAN DO SEPARATELY." --- Arkansas SEA

This booklet was written by Terry Peterson, a Southern Education Foundation Intern, with the South Carolina Community Relations Program of the American Friends Service Committee. Citicisms and suggestions from Phyllis McClure, John McDonald, Quincy Smith, Virginia Frank, Robert Ferris, Richard Fields, Laveree Jones, and friends in the Office of Education were very helpful. Special thanks goes to Hayes Mizell.



# I'M ON THE TITLE I COUNCIL. NOW WHAT?

#### WHAT IS TITLE I?

Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (Public Law 89-10) gives money to your school district to improve the educational opportunities of poor students who are underachieving. The Title I services must be concentrated only on the underachieving students in the priority schools of the district. The Title I Council with the Title I Coordinator decide each year how Title I money can best be used to help these students.

#### WHAT IS THE TITLE I COUNCIL?

The Title I Council was set up to give parents an opportunity to improve the education of their children. The Council members must be involved in planning, development, operation, and evaluation of projects funded by Title I.

#### WHO SHOULD BE ON THE TITLE I COUNCIL?

More than half of the Council must be parents who are not employed by the schools and have children eligible to be in Title I Programs. The Council members must be representatives of parents who have children in Title I projects. The non-parent members could include a teacher, a student, and representatives from such agencies as Head Start, Community Action Program, Welfare, County Health Department, and National Welfare Rights Organization.

# WHAT ARE THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF A TITLE I COUNCIL MEMBER?

- 1. To learn as much as possible about the program and to take part in major policy decisions.
- 2. To explain the program to other parents and encourage their full participation.
- 3. To welcome teachers and staff into your home and community to discuss ways in which parents can help their children's development at home in relation to school experience.
- 4. To hear complaints and suggestions from Title I parents and students and use this to offer constructive criticism of Title I programs and to suggest better Title I projects.
- 5. To make sure that Title I money is used in the best interests of eligible Title I students.

# HOW SHOULD THE TITLE I COUNCIL OPERATE?

One of the first meetings the Council members should decide how the Council is going to function: for example; election procedure of members and chairman, what the Council is going to do, tenure of Council members and chairman, etc.



# HOW SHOULD THE TITLE I COUNCIL FUNCTION?

# Suggestions

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- 1. The Title I Council should meet regularly (once a month) because it has a big responsibility and a lot of work to do.
- 2. The Council could divide itself into working committees. The committees might be Evaluation, Parent Involvement, and Personnel.

# Evaluation Committee -- Members of this working committee could:

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- A Commence P. (1) visit Title I projects to determine if they are operating as the Council and ischool officials want them to
- help determine if certain projects need additional or less support than had been planned
- (3) ask for community assistance if Title I personnel need additional financial, volunteer, or community support for their programs
- (4) schedule visits to Title I programs in other school districts to discover whether other programs or approaches might be more helpful to their children

# Parent Involvement Committee -- This committee could:

- (1) set up meetings in the communities and schools served by Title I to hear suggestions and complaints about Title I programs
- (2) develop a means for parents to help their children at home and in the schools
- (3) help organize and arrange parent-student-teacher conferences in the homes and communities served by Title I
- (4) plan training sessions for the Title I Council and/or interested Title I parents

#### Personnel Committee -- This committee could:

- (1)help school officials recruit and select Title I personnel (for example: teacher aides, social workers, teachers, nurses, supervisors, secretaries, etc.) ti g
  - (2) could help along with schools officials in writing and publicizing a clear employment policy
  - could keep good Title I personnel from leaving their school system
  - could work with school officials in correcting the situation of Title I personnel who are not performing their duties properly

# Suggestions (Continued)

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- 3. The Title I Council Chairman or any member of the Council should organize larger public meetings to explain Title I or hear ideas for improving the Title I programs.
- 4. Title I Council Chairman should be elected by the Council members.
- 5. The Title I Council should set up a calendar of activities that it will be involved in.
- 6. All Title I Council meetings should be open to other parents and the general public.

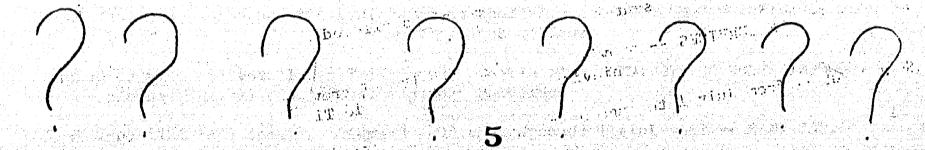
# CAN TITLE I MONEY BE SPENT TO TRAIN THE TITLE I COUNCIL 3 THE

Yes. The Council can use the funds to:

- (1) visit outstanding schools and Title I projects outside their district.
- (2) bring in consultants for new ideas and to run training sessions for themselves and other Title I parents in order to provide better leadership in developing Title I projects with the help of consultants.

Do You Have Any Complaints, Suggestions?

- 1. Ask your Title I Council to consider your ideas.
  - (a) The Title I programs include the Council's recommendations.
  - (b) Council members must have the chance to send their comments along with the Title I Application to the State Title I Coordinator.
- 2. Present your complaints and suggestions to your Title I Coordinator and Superintendent.
  - (a) Your school officials must have a prompt procedure of handling complaints and suggestions from parents and the Title I Council
- 3. If the above actions fail to solve the problems, file a complaint with State and Federal officials. (See the last page of this booklet for assistance.



# DEFINITION OF WORDS USED IN TITLE I BY EDUCATION OFFICIALS

LEA -- your local school officials (Superintendent of Schools, Title I Coordinator)

SEA -- your state school officials (State Superintendent of Education, State Title I Coordinator)

TITLE I COORDINATOR -- paid from Title I funds to administer your Title I programs

TITLE I PROJECT APPLICATION -- forms that explain where Title I money is spent in your school district

A new application must be sent to the State Title I Coordinator each year. The application for a summer Title I program is due in March-April, and for a new school year in April-May.

INVOLVED -- participating and included in

PRIORITY SCHOOL OR ATTENDANCE AREA -- underachieving (educationally "deprived") students in these schools and areas can receive Title I programs and scrvices

EDUCATIONALLY DEPRIVED (DISADVANTAGED STUDENTS -- those low-income children who need additional help in order to compete educationally with other children of the same age. This includes children who need extra educational assistance because of lack of money, racial isolation, neglect, or handicap.

ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS (NEEDS ASSESSMENT) -- is deciding which are the most important needs of children in the Title I programs.

These needs prevent children from learning better, learning faster, from being interested in school, from attending school every day, and from staying in school to graduate.

PLANNING AND DEVELOFMENT OF PROJECT PLANS -- deciding how Title I money should be spent to solve those student needs.

The Title I Council and school officials should decide this together.

COMPARABILITY -- means educationally "deprived" students must receive equal or better educational programs from the regular school budget (State and local funds)than non-"deprived" students.

PRE-SUBMISSION COMMENTS -- suggestions or complaints offered before application is sent to State office.

CONCENTRATION OF SERVICES -- provides a number of Title I srevices only to underachieving students in eligible Title I schools

FISCAL YEAR -- from July 1 through June 30. Example: Fiscal year 1973 runs from



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FISCAL YEAR --- Xuly 1, 1972 to June 30, 1973

PAC --- Policy Advisory Council, usually called the Title I Parent Council

# HOW DO YOUR TITLE I PROGRAMS MEASURE UP?

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(This is reprinted from <u>Parent Power and Title I ESEA</u> available from your nearest National Urban League office.)

How important are the courses the children are taking?

Does the teacher's attitude destroy the child's interest in learning?

(Many teachers expect children in low-income communities to grow up to do unskilled labor anyway, so they don't care very much what the children learn or whether they learn at all.)

Does remedial reading or special education classes really help or do they condemn the child to an inferior education?

## WHAT IS YOUR CHILD GETTING FROM TITLE I?

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Does your child enter as a better student in regular school situations because of Title I?

What are your child's strong points?

What generally are his/her weaknesses?

In what areas should more emphasis be placed to help your child improve?

#### YOU CAN EVALUATE YOUR PRESENT TITLE I PROGRAMS BY:

- 1. Making a simple questionnaire to ask Title I students, parents, and teachers what they think about the program.
- 2. Looking at the achievement test scores of students before and after Title I programs.
- 3. Observing the program to see if the program is run as well as Title I model projects in other school districts in the state and nation.
- 4. Studying the attendance records and discipline records of Title I students to see is they have improved.



# POSSIBLE ACTIVITIES FOR THE TITLE I COUNCIL MONTHLY MEETINGS

#### AUGUST

Review Title I programs for the coming school term. School officials are required to give each Council member: (a) the present Title I Project Application, (b) an evaluation of last year's Title I project, and (3) all federal and state guidelines.

Develop ways by which Council and school officials can inform all Title I parents of Title I programs and goals and of hearing complaints and suggestions:

- (1) newsletter distributed through schools, churches, and social workers
  - (2) public meetings in schools and communities served by Title I
  - (3) presentations to PTA rgoups

Title I Council could divide into working committees:

Evaluation Committee

Parent Involvement Committee

Personnel Committee

For other ideas, contact:

Bill Anderson

Title I Council Chairman

P. O. Box 1245

Wilmington, Delaware 19899

PHONE: (302) 658-8448

This is sure better than school last year!

Surved by

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#### SEPTEMBER

Your may want to meet twice this month.

Elect your Council Chairman for the year.

Working committees could finalize their activities for first semester. For example:

Evaluation Committee could schedule visits to the various Title I programs.

Personnel Committee could help solve any vacancies in Title I programs. Determine with school officials if any staff members need special training. Schedule informal meetings with staff to solve any problems.

Parent Involvement Committee could explain and implement their plans to involve other parents.

(a) home visits (b) parent volunteers

(c) hearings

(d) training

(e) newsletter

#### OCTOBER --

Council should solve any problems uncovered by the committees or problems brought forth by students teachers, parents, and school officials concerning Title I.

Working committees or individual. Council members could make definite plans to visit Title I projects.

## NOVEMBER

Could visit Title I projects, discuss and evaluate the projects.

Council members could plan to visit Title I programs in other districts.

You may wish to leave the December meeting out or have a party.

# JANUARY

The Council could consider training sessions for themselves to help in development of next year's Title I Project Application. Each Council member could start thinking about what to include and what to leave out in the next Application.

Council could schedule their activities for second semester. This might include: hearings with students, parents, teachers, and school officials; visits to Title I programs; and educational trips to learn what other schools are doing.

Parent Involvement - if you can involve parents in Interesting and rewarding work during the first months of school, you might keep their assistance for the rest of the year!!!

# FEBRUARY

Solve any complaints about current Title I programs.

Each social agency (welfare, health department, Office of Economic Opportunity, Head Start, Day-Care Center, etc.) should be contacted to discuss needs and determine how each can be helpful in serving Title I students.

Each working committee could prepare itself to help develop Title I Project Application for the next fiscal year.

# Suggestions:

<u>Evaluation Committee</u> -- could evaluate the effect of each Title I program with the help of school officials.

Parent Involvement Committee -- could schedule meetings in each Title I school and/or community to hear complaints and suggestions for next year's program.

Personnel Committee -- should encourage good personnel from leaving next year. They could also help school officials start to recruit personnel to fill any known vacancies in next year's program.

# MARCH

The Title I Council and school officials could start to planmext year,'s program.

- (1) assess the most pressing needs of Title I children.
- (2) each Council member should say what he thinks is needed.
- (3) before the April meeting, the members should discuss possible Title I programs with Title I students, parents, teachers, school administrators, and social agencies.
- (4) decide on alternative Title I programs for next year that might solve the needs of Title I children.

#### APRIL

After a thorough discussion of posssible programs to meet the needs of the Title I students, the school officials and Title I Council should develop a tentative Title I Project Application for the following school year.

Council could develop recommendations of who is to receive Title I services for the next fiscal year.

good Title I personnel to stay in your district and to assist school officials in recruiting good people for the next school term.



THE END OF APRIL MAY BE THE AFPROPRIATE TIME FOR THE ELECTION OF A OR 1/3 OF NEW TITLE I COUNCIL DEPENDING ON YOUR COUNCIL'S TENURE.

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#### MAY

School officials distribute draft of Title I Project Application for the next year. (Needless to say, parents' suggestions should be included). Title I Council should have two to four weeks to study and prepare written comments about the project.

Each working committee should discuss final artivities for regular school term and for any Title I summer program.

#### JUNE

Title I Council should give final approval or disapproval of each part of the Title I Project Application for the next year. (Each member has a right to send his comments to the State Title I Coordinator).

Each Title I Council member and/or committees should decide their function during summer Title I programs.

#### JULY

Council should evaluate itself. They should take sufficient time to hear all opinions.

Council and school officials could dicuss any changes in new Title I....
Application as required by State or Federal officials.

# **AUGUST**

Council and school officials should consider having workshops or training sessions for themselves in order to be an effective Title I Council.

# SELECTION AND ELECTION OF TITLE I COUNCIL MEMBERS

# HOW OFTEN SHOULD THE COUNCIL MEMBERS BE CHOSEN?

There is no required time. Council should determine this at one of the first meetings. The parent members could have a two-year term on the Title I Council with one-half of the members being elected each year. (This is just a suggestion as to election of Council members.)

The non-parent members could be elected each year from their respective groups or agencies. This might include representatives from Head Start, teachers, Community Action Agency, National Welfare Rights Organization, etc.

#### WHEN SHOULD THE COUNCIL MEMBERS BE CHOSEN?

Every area has special needs. The Council should determine this at the first meeting. The most suitable time for a turn-over of members on the Council is June and July, but interest in the schools is very low during those months. Therefore, it is suggested that (1) the Council members be chosen in April, but take their Council seats in June. They should be encouraged to attend the May meeting of the Council. (2) Some parents elect their Title I Council members in September.

If this schedule is followed, the planning of the Council for a new school term will not be interrupted and yet, the new Council members will be on the Council and will be familiar with Title I before the school reopens in August.

#### HOW SHOULD TITLE I COUNCIL MEMBERS BE CHOSEN?

The Title I Regulations require "the selection of parents to the parent council who are representative (a) of children eligible to be served (b) of the attendance areas to be included in Title I program(s)."

Here are two good ways of chosing your parent representatives to the Title I Council:

- 1. Parents at each Title I school (or community) should elect 5-10
  Title I parents to a Title I Council for their school. Then,
  each school's Title I Council would elect one or two representatives
  to the district-wide Title I Council.
- Title I parents in each eligible school or community elect their parent representative to the district's Title I Council. Only eligible parents could vote and offer to be chosen to the Council. The election must be WELL-publicized among Title I parents.
- NOTE: If a two-year term on the Council is desirable, half the Title I schools would have elections for the Council one year and half the next.
- NOTE: In small school districts, it is recommended that the parents at each Title I school have two or more representatives to the Council. Elections could be held yearly, but only for one position each time.

# REGULATION REQUIRING PARENT PARTICIPATION IN TIPLE I 45CFR 116-17 (n)

(n) EACH APPLICATION BY A LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY FOR A GRANT UNDER TITLE I OF THE ACT SHALL INCLUDE SPECIFIC PLANS FOR DISSEMINATING INFOR-MATION CONCERNING THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE I, AND THE APPLICANT'S PAST PARENTS AND TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC AND FOR MAKING AVAILABLE TO THEM UPON REQUEST THE FULL TEXT OF CURRENT AND PAST TITLE I APPLICATION OF TIMEMED DOCUMENT. AND PRESENT TITLE I PROGRAMS, INCLUDING EVALUATIONS OF SUCH PROGRAMS, TO Be cant's past title I projects, all reports required by 116.23 to be sub-REQUEST THE FULL TEXT OF CURRENT AND PAST TITLE I APPLICATIONS, ALL PER-TINENT DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THOSE APPLICATIONS, EVALUATIONS OF THE APPLI-MITTED TO THE STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY, and such other documents as may be reasonably necessary to meet the needs of such parents or other members of the public for information related to the comprehensive planning, operation, and evaluation of the Title I program but not including information relating to the performance of identified children and teachers. Such plans shall include provision for the reproduction, upon request, of SUCH DOCUMENTS FREE OF CHARGE OR AT REASONABLE COST (NOT TO EXCEED THE ADDI-TIONAL COSTS INCURRED WHICH ARE NOT COVERED BY TITLE I FUNDS) or provisions whereby persons requesting such copies will be given adequate opportunity to arrange for the reproduction of such documents.

# (20 U. S. C. 214c, 1231d)

- (0) (1) PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT AT THE LOCAL LEVEL IS DEEMED TO BE AN IMPOR-TANT MEANS OF INCREASING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF PROGRAMS UNDER TITLE I OF THE ACT. EACH APPLICATION of a local education agency (other than a State agency directly responsible for providing free public education for handicapped children or for children in institutions for neglected and delinquent children) for assistance under that title, therefore, (i) shall des-OVECTIBE HOW PARENTS OF THE CHILDREN TO BE SERVED WERE CONSULTED AND INVOLVED IN THE PLANNING OF THE PROJECT AND (ii) SHALL SET FORTH SPECIFIC PLANS FOR CONTINUING THE INVOLVEMENT OF SUCH PARENTS IN THE FURTHER PLANNING AND IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION OF THE PROJECT.
  - (2) Each local educational agency shall, prior to the submission of an application for fiscal year 1972 and any succeeding fiscal year, establish a council in which parents (not employed by the local educational agency) of educationally deprived children residing in attendance areas which are to be served by the project, consititute more than a simple majority, or designate for that purpose an existing organized group in which such parents will constitute more than a simple majority, and according shall include in its application sufficient information to enable the State educational agency to make the following determinations:
- (i) THAT THE LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY HAS TAKEN APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO Council must insure the selection of parents to the parent council who are representative be represented in Private Schools) and (b) of the attendance appear of the enrolled
- Council

  (ii) That each member of the council has been furnished free of charge copies of title I of the act, the federal regulations, guidelines, and criteria issued pursuant thereto, state title I regulations and guidelines, and that such other information as may be needed for the effective involvement of the council in planning, development, operation, and evaluation of projects.

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  (ii) That each member of the council has been furnished free of charge council in replace to the federal regulations and guidelines, and that such other planning, development, operation, and evaluation of projects. INFORMATION as may be needed for the effective involvement of the council in planning, development, operation, and evaluation of projects under said Title I (including prior applications for Title I projects and evaluations thereof)

will also be made available to the Council;

Council Mist (iii) THAT THE LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY HAS PROVIDED THE PARENT COUNCIL be in formed with a description of the process of planning and development of these proabout newjects and programs, and the projected times at which each stage of the process will start and be completed. programs, and the programs, and the programs will start and be completed;

(iv) THAT THE PARENT COUNCIL HAS HAD AN ADEQUATE OPPORTUNITY TO CONSIDER Council Naved and AVAILABLE concerning the special educational needs of the should various programs available to meet those model. THE INFORMATION AVAILABLE concerning the special educational needs of the various programs available to meet those needs, and TO MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS eriough to time to time info. AND SIMILAR PROGRAMS; CONCERNING THOSE NEEDS WHICH SHOULD BE ADDRESSED THROUGH THE TITLE I PROGRAM O

(v) THAT THE PARENT COUNCIL HAS HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW EVALUATIONS OF PRIOR TITLE I PROGRAMS and has been informed of the performance criteria by which the proposed program is to be evaluated;

Parents TOTAL DE (VI) THAT THE TITLE I PROGRAM IN EACH PROJECT AREA INCLUDES SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR INFORMING AND CONSULTING WITH PARENTS CONCERNING THE SERVICES CONSULTING WITH PARENTS CONCERNING THE SERVICE THE TWICH SUCH PARENTS CAN ASSIST THEIR CHILDREN IN REALIZING THE BENEFITS THOSE SERVICES ARE INTENDED TO PROVIDE. SERVICES ARE INTENDED TO PROVIDE;

Complaint (vii) THAT THE LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY HAS ADEQUATE PROCEDURES TO INSURE procedure PROMPT RESPONSE TO COMPLAINTS AND SUGGESTIONS FROM PARENTS AND PARENT must COUNCIL; exist

(viii) THAT ALL PARENTS OF CHILDREN TO BE SERVED HAVE HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT THEIR VIEWS CONCERNING THE APPLICATION TO THE APPROPRIATE SCHOOL PERSONNEL, and that the PARENT COUNCIL HAS HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO SUBMIT COMMENTS TO THE STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY concerning the application at the must ed consider in determining whether or not the application shall be approved.

(3) The State educational agency may establish such additional rules and procedures, not inconsistent with the provisions of this section, as approper organization and functioning of parent council.

(20 U. S. C. 1231d)

Parents'

comments

For assistance in interpreting Title I regulations or filing complaints contact:

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S. C. Community Relations Program American Friends Service Committee 401 Columbia Building Columbia, S. C. 29201 PHONE: 253-7159

Miss Phyllis McClure Legal Defense Fund 1028 Connecticut Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20036 PHONE: (202) 833-1898

Mr. Danny Brabham State Title I Coordinator Rutledge Building - Room 201-A Columbia, S. C. 29201 PHONE: 758-3471

Mr. John Pride - Mr. Terry Lynch Southeast Title I Desk Office of Education, ROB 3 Washington, D. C. 20202 PHONE: (202) 963-7957

For information on training teachers' aides and retraining teachers to meet the needs of underachieving children in developing good Title I Programs contact:

Dr. Mose Dean of Faculty South Carolina State College Orangeburg, South Carolina 29115 PHONE: 534-6560

Regional Campus Office PHONE: 777-4800

Center for Integrated Education

PHONE: 777-4838

School of Education PHONE: 777- 4208

University of South Carolina Columbia, South Carolina 29208 Learning Institute of North Carolina 800 Silver Avenue Greensboro, North Carolina

PHONE: (919) 275-9836

School of Education near you. For example:

Allen University - 779-6430 Benedict College - 779-4930 Winthrop College - 328-5288

Teachers Corps Southeast Center University of Georgia Athens, Georgia 30601

For ideas to improve parent participation in Title I or generally, in education of your children, contact:

Mrs. Velma James Parent Participation Specialist Office of Education - ESEA Title I Washington, D. C. PHONE: (202) 963-4812

Mrs. Queen Brailey Regional Head Start Training Officer Home Economics Department South Carolina State College Orangeburg, South Carolina 29115

Mr. John Gadson Penn Community Center Frogmore, South Carolina 29920

PHONE: 838-2071

Mr. Preston Wilcox, Chairman AFRAM 931½ Hunter Street, N. W. Atlanta, Georgia PHONE: (404) 577-3991